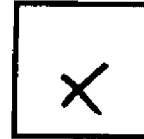




Type



Docs



Plans

GRD08-0131

Building Permit Number

11062

Street Number

Graton Rd

Street Name

GRA

Community Code

104-090-036

APN

ENGINEERING DIVISION - PERMIT INSPECTION RECORD

Sonoma County Permit And Resource Management Department
2550 Ventura Avenue ❖ Santa Rosa, CA 95403 ❖ Telephone (707) 565-1900

OWNER Mengle Revere Holmes III ETAL

AUTOMATED INSPECTION REQUEST SYSTEM

❖ 565-3551 ❖

PERMIT# CR008-0131 AREA G.R.A.

Our automated inspection request system (for use with a touch tone phone) allows you to schedule next day inspections by calling between the hours of 6:00 a.m. to midnight. You must have your permit number, job address number and the inspection code listed below.

JOB ADDRESS 11062 Gratan Rd

THIS JOB CARD MUST BE AVAILABLE AT TIME OF INSPECTION

DATE ISSUED 10/2/08

The current status of this permit is available on our website:
<http://www.SonomaCountyPermits.org>

CONTRACTOR _____

CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION CONTACT PERSON _____

DESCRIPTION OF WORK Legalize two Culverts and one ditch (wetland)

R.B.1

Scantron CODE	INSPECTION TYPE	Scantron CODE	INSPECTION TYPE
	SITE GRADING & SITE IMPROVEMENTS		STORM WATER
200	SITE GRADING, PRE-CONSTRUCTION (5 DAY NOTICE)	650	SUSMP INSPECTION
201	START WORK NOTICE (5 DAY NOTICE)	651	S/W PRE-CONSTRUCTION
202	RESUME GRADING ACTIVITY (2 DAY NOTICE)	652	S/W BMPS VERIFICATION <u>ON SITE (AP) ETD 10/10/08</u>
203	SITE GRADING, ROUGH <u>(AP) ETD 10/10/08</u>		
204	SUB DRAIN	654	S/W SITE INVESTIGATION
205	SUB GRADE (2 DAY NOTICE)	655	S/W PRE-RAIN SEASON INSPECTION <u>(AP) ETD 10/10/08</u>
206	SITE IMPROVEMENTS, PRE-PAVING	656	S/W ENFORCEMENT ACTION COMPLIANCE <u>10/10/08</u>
207	CONCRETE FLATWORK	657	S/W POST-RAIN SEASON INSPECTION
208	PAD CERTIFICATION		
209	PRE-PAVING (2 DAY NOTICE)	659	STORM WATER FINAL
210	PAVING (2 DAY NOTICE)		
211	STRIPING & SIGNAGE (5 DAY NOTICE)		
212	LIGHTING & SIGNALS (5 DAY NOTICE)		
213	KEYING & BENCHING		
214	SLOPE STABILITY / RETAINING WALL		
215	SOIL REPORT CERTIFICATION		
216	SPECIAL INSPECTION		
			SEWER SYSTEMS
218	PRE-FINAL (5 DAY NOTICE)	430	START WORK NOTICE (5 DAY NOTICE)
219	SITE GRADING, FINAL (2 DAY NOTICE) <u>11/26/08</u>	431	RESUME SEWER SYSTEM ACTIVITY
220	SUBDIVISION WARRANTY	432	SEWER TRENCH
		433	SEWER PIPE / BEDDING
		434	SEWER BACKFILL / COMPACTION
		435	SEWER TESTING
	WATER SYSTEMS		
450	WATER FIELD WORK COMPLIANCE		
451	WATER PIPE INSTALLATION	438	SEWER MANHOLE
452	WATER ENCROACHMENT REQUIREMENTS	439	SEPTIC TANK DESTRUCT W/SEWER CONNECTION
453	WATER WELL DRAWDOWN & YIELD	440	GREASE INTERCEPTOR
454	WATER SYSTEM HYDROSTATIC TEST	441	PUMP SYSTEM
		442	SEWER PRE-PAVING
		443	SEWER PAVING
459	WATER SYSTEM FINAL		
	ENCROACHMENT		
		449	SEWER FINAL (2 DAY NOTICE)
241	ENCROACHMENT TRENCHING		
242	ENCROACHMENT PIPE / BEDDING		FIRE INSPECTIONS
243	ENCROACHMENT BACKFILL / COMPACTION	121	FIRE SAFE STANDARDS
244	ENCROACHMENT PRE-PAVING	758	VEGETATION MANAGEMENT
245	ENCROACHMENT PAVING	770	SPRINKLER FINAL
		771	ABOVEGROUND HYDROSTATIC
		772	UNDERGROUND HYDROSTATIC
		773	UNDERGROUND FLUSH
249	ENCROACHMENT FINAL	774	THRUST BLOCKS
250	PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS WARRANTY	775	PIPE WELD
		776	HYDRANTS/APPLIANCES
	DRAINAGE	777	PUMP ACCEPTANCE
640	TRENCH (DRAINAGE PIPE)	778	WATER SUPPLY/TANK
641	DRAINAGE PIPE	779	ALARM SYSTEM
642	PIPE BACKFILL / COMPACTION	780	HOOD & DUCT SYSTEM
643	PIPE STRUCTURES	781	ABOVEGROUND
644	INLET / OUTLET EROSION PROTECTION	198	FIRE OCCUPANCY/FINAL
645	SWALE(S) <u>(AP) ETD 10/10/08</u>		
		500	1 YEAR MAINTENANCE FINAL
649	DRAINAGE FINAL	699	PERMIT FINAL (5 DAY NOTICE) <u>11/26/08 SPOC</u>

CR008-0131

COUNTY OF SONOMA - PERMIT AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

2550 Ventura Avenue, Santa Rosa, CA 95403 (707) 565-1900 FAX (707) 565-1103

Please Print
 Your Name: _____ Date Applied: _____

INFORMATION WITHIN HEAVY LINE TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT

SITE LOCATION INFORMATION - PRINT CLEARLY

Site Address: 11082 Graton rd. City: Sebastopol ZIP: 95472
 Cross-Street: _____ APN: 104-090-036 Project Phone #: (707) 824-1439 Project Fax #: (707) 874-0501
 Directions: _____ Subd. Name: _____ Unit #: _____ Lot #: _____
 Describe Project: Wetland restoration Living Area: _____ Garage: _____ Decks: _____ Contract Price: _____

OWNER NAME AND ADDRESS **APPLICANT NAME AND ADDRESS**

Name: Catherine Younger Name: Streamline Engineering - Eric Austensen
 Mailing Address: 122 Wintersstein Dr. Mailing Address: 2727 Marra rd.
 City: Falsam State: CA ZIP: 95630-233 City: Occidental State: CA ZIP: 95465
 Day Ph: (916) 983-5233 Fax: () Day Ph: (707) 874-0501 Fax: (same)

CONTRACTOR INFORMATION **OTHER PERSONS (ARCHITECT, ENGINEER, ETC.)**

Company Name: _____ Name: _____
 Address: _____ Address: _____
 City: _____ State: _____ ZIP: _____ City: _____ State: _____ ZIP: _____
 Day Ph: () Fax: () Day Ph: () Fax: ()

WORKER'S COMPENSATION DECLARATION

I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury one of the following declarations:
 I have and will maintain a certificate of consent to self-insure for worker's compensation, as provided for by Section 3700 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued.
 I have and will maintain worker's compensation insurance, as required by Section 3700 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued. My worker's compensation insurance carrier and policy number are:
 Carrier: _____
 Policy No.: _____
 (This section need not be completed if the permit is for one hundred dollars (\$100) or less.)
 I certify that in the performance of the work for which this permit is issued, I shall not employ any person in any manner so as to become subject to the worker's compensation laws of California, and agree that if I should become subject to the worker's compensation provisions of Section 3700 of the Labor Code, I shall forthwith comply with those provisions.
 Exp. Date: _____ Applicant: _____

CONSTRUCTION LENDING DECLARATION

I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that there is a construction lending agency for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued. (Sec. 3097, Civ. C.)
 Lenders Name: _____
 Lenders Address: _____

FOR DEPARTMENT USE

Zoning: DA B6-2004Z File No. _____ Acres: 43.20
 Existing Use/Structures: SEF
 Proposed Use/Structures: grading to restore wetland near
 Zoning Min. Yard Requirements: Front 10 Left 10 Right 10 Back 10
 NOTE: Fire Safe Standards require all parcels greater than 1 Acre to have a min. 30' setback unless mitigated. Mitigation Required Address subject to change
 Approval for Permit Issuance: _____ Approval for Occupancy: _____
 By: Scott D. Hunsperger
 Date: 6/19/08
 Conditions: No BR zoning

OWNER-BUILDER DECLARATION

I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that I am exempt from the Contractor's License Law for the following reason (Sec. 7031.5, Business and Professions Code: Any city or county which requires a permit to construct, alter, improve, demolish, or repair any structure, prior to its issuance, also requires the applicant for such permit to file a signed statement that he or she is licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Contractor's License Law (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code) or that he or she is exempt therefrom and the basis for the alleged exemption. Any violation of Section 7031.5 by any applicant for a permit subjects the applicant to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500):
 I, as owner of the property, or my employees with wages as their sole compensation, will do the work, and the structure is not intended or offered for sale (Sec. 7044 Business and Professions Code: The Contractor's License Law does not apply to an owner of property who builds or improves thereon, and who does such work himself or herself or through his or her own employees, provided that such improvements are not intended or offered for sale. If, however, the building or improvement is sold within one year of completion, the owner-builder will have the burden of proving that he or she did not build or improve for the purpose of sale.)
 I, as owner of the property, am exclusively contracting with licensed contractors to construct the project (Sec. 7044, Business and Professions Code: The Contractor's License Law does not apply to an owner of property who builds or improves thereon, and who contracts for such projects with a contractor(s) licensed pursuant to the Contractor's License Law.)
 I am exempt under Sec. _____ B & P.C. for this reason: _____
 Date: 6/19/08 Owner: Eric Austensen Engineer

Sewer Connection: Available Fees Paid
 Approved by: _____ Date: _____

Road Encroachment: Fees Paid PER PERMITS PLUS
 Approved by: CA Date: 10/1/08

Septic System Permit Clearance: SR08-0454
 Approved by: _____ Date: 10-2-08

Flood Zone: Yes No 100-Year Flood Elevation: _____
Site Review
 Approved by: _____ Date: 10-1-08

Fire: 60908
 Approved by: _____ Date: 6/19/08

LICENSED CONTRACTOR'S DECLARATION

I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that I am licensed under provisions of Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code, and my license is in full force and effect.
 Lic. Class: _____ Lic. No.: _____
 Exp. Date: _____ Contractor: _____

Code Enforcement Violation: Yes No Violation #: UGR08-0011
 This permit is limited to 365 days.
LOCALIZE WETLANDS RESTORATION 10/2/08 D. G.

ASBESTOS DECLARATION

Written asbestos notification pursuant to Part 61 of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is required when asbestos exists in buildings, or portions thereof, undergoing demolition. I hereby declare that demolition authorized by this permit is from construction that () does () does not contain asbestos, or that () no demolition is authorized by this permit.

Work Authorized: GRADING FOR WETLAND DRAINAGE

I certify that I have read this application and affirm under penalty of perjury that the above information is correct. I agree to comply with all local Ordinances and State laws relating to building construction, hereby authorize representatives of the County of Sonoma to enter upon the above-mentioned property for inspection purposes. If, after making the Certificate of Exemption for the Worker's Compensation provision of the Labor Code I should become subject to such provisions, I will forthwith comply. In the event I do not comply with the Workmen's Compensation law, this permit shall be deemed revoked.
 Permittee Signature: Eric Austensen
 Address: 2727 Marra Rd Occidental 95465
 Contractor Owner Other Licensed Professional

Plans Approved Post-FIRM Alquist Prior Report Available
 No Plans Subject to Field Inspection Pre-FIRM Geotechnical report Available
 Flashed Cleared By: _____ Date: 10-1-08 Type of Construction: _____ Occupancy: _____ No. of Stories: _____ No. of Bedrooms: _____
 Permit Cleared for Inspection By: _____ Date: 10-2-08 Auto. Fire Sprinklers Req'd: _____ No. of Units: _____ Certificate of Occupancy: _____

Final Date: 11/26/08 Inspector: Stephen Linn
 THIS PERMIT SHALL EXPIRE IN THREE (3) YEARS FROM DATE FEES ARE PAID UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED BY CODE ENFORCEMENT

Machine Space for Permit Fee

PAYMENT REC'D
 \$ _____
 OCT 02 2008
 PERMIT AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT
 COUNTY OF SONOMA

JOB ADDRESS: 11082 GRATON RD
 PERMIT NUMBER: GR008-0131
 INSPECTION AREA: 9

SPECIAL INSPECTION REQUIRED		<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO	IF YES, SEE ADDITIONAL SHEET
INSPECTION RECORD	DATE	NAME	REMARKS	
101) ROUGH GRADING				
103) FOUNDATION				10/10/08: THE CONSTRUCTION MEETING. NOTIFIED ENVIRONMENT & CONTRACTOR TO CHECK IN FOR APPROVAL. FINISH GRADING. 5 TRIM DRAIN & BEEP INS. PORTIONS TO BE DONE WITH ABOVE INS. PORTIONS AS WELL. VINEYARD GRADING WORK TO BE DONE AT FUTURE DATE. OK TO FINISH PORTIONS OF PROJECT AS COMPLETED.
FORMS/SETBACK				
FOOTING				
WALLS				
106) UFER GROUND #				
104) CAISSONS/PIERS				
105) SLAB				
107) UNDERGROUND UTILITIES				
110) MASONRY				
109) RETAINING WALLS				
113) FIREPLACE				
FOOTING				
HEARTH/PROTECTION				
THROAT				
114) CHIMNEY				
120) UNDERFLOOR/UNDERSLAB				
115) HYDRONICS				
116) U/F ELECTRICAL				
117) U/F MECHANICAL				
118) U/F PLUMBING				
119) U/F FRAMING				
139) U/F INSULATION				
126) SHEAR WALLS				
<input type="checkbox"/> INTERIOR	<input type="checkbox"/> EXTERIOR			
127) DIAPHRAGMS				
<input type="checkbox"/> ROOF	<input type="checkbox"/> FLOOR			
134) SIDING/SHEATHING				
125) HOLD DOWNS				
132) CLOSE-IN				
122) ROUGH ELECTRICAL				
123) ROUGH MECHANICAL				
124) ROUGH PLUMBING				
128) ROUGH FRAME				
160) SMOKE DETECTORS				
139) INSULATION				
142) WALLBOARD				
143) FIREWALLS				
135) STUCCO/PLASTER				
<input type="checkbox"/> LATH	<input type="checkbox"/> SCRATCH			
137) ROOFING				
130) TUB/SHOWER PAN				
162) FIRE DAMPERS/DOORS				
164) SUSPENDED CEILING				
<input type="checkbox"/> ROUGH ELEC.	<input type="checkbox"/> ROUGH MECH.			
165) EXITING - RAMPS/STAIRS				
163) HANDRAILS/GUARDRAILS				
CORRIDORS/DOORS				
166) ACCESSIBILITY COMPLIANCE				
144) WATER TANKS				
<input type="checkbox"/> SLAB	<input type="checkbox"/> WALLS			
170) TEMPORARY OCCUPANCY				
171) TEMPORARY ELECTRICAL				
172) TEMPORARY GAS				
174) ELECTRIC METER AUTHORIZATION				
152) PANEL BOARDS/SERVICE				
189) SEPTIC ELECTRIC FINAL				
175) GAS METER AUTHORIZATION				
153) GAS PRESSURE TEST				
HOUSE	YARD			
190) MANUF. HOME FOUNDATION				
191) MANUF. HOME INSTALLATION				
CONTINUITY				
STAIRS/SKIRTS				
RIDGE BOLTING				
193) MANUF. HOME COND. FINAL				
SWIMMING POOLS				
194) PRE-GUNITE				
195) PRE-DECK				
196) PRE-PLASTER/FENCE				
197) VINYL/FIBERGLASS POOL EXCAVATION				
102) GRADING FINAL	11/29/08	870C		
176) ELECTRICAL FINAL				
177) MECHANICAL FINAL				
178) PLUMBING FINAL				
199) FINAL	11/29/08	870C		
OCCUPANCY (OK TO OCCUPY)				
				PLAN RETENTION REQUIRED?
				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

10/10/08 EJD
 #203,652 #655 (AP)
 #655

-Rough

PERMIT # 90008-0131

STREAMLINE ENGINEERING

**Eric Austensen, P.E.
2727 Marra Rd.
Occidental, CA 95465
(707) 874-0501**

October 15, 2008

Derek Chow, Assistant Engineer
Sonoma County PRMD, Grading and Drainage Division
2550 Ventura Avenue
Santa Rosa, CA 95403

Stephen Bargsten, Environmental Scientist
North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board
5550 Skylane Boulevard, Suite A
Santa Rosa, CA 95403

Subject: Final Grading & Drainage Observations for Younger Wetland Restoration
11190 Graton Road, Sebastopol
Sonoma County PRMD GRD 08-0131
NCRWQCB WDID No. 1B08106WNSO

Dear Derek and Stephen,

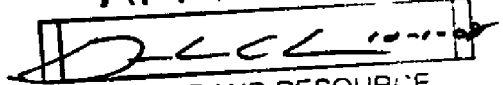
I observed construction of the subject wetland restoration. The project was constructed in general conformance with the County approved grading and drainage plan dated July 25, 2008. New wetland pools and the spillway were built to the depth and dimensions shown on the plans. The primary source of water to the wetland was returned (via 18" culvert) and the pools are filling with water. Erosion and sediment control measures are in place.

We will be performing monitoring and maintenance of the project for a period of five years. Annual reports will be submitted to the North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board through year 2013.

Sincerely,

Eric Austensen, P.E.
Streamline Engineering

GRADING
★ APPROVED ★



PERMIT AND RESOURCE
MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

CC/AB
submitted
to be attached conditions
of the report recommendations
by Soil Engineer

0208-0131

STREAMLINE ENGINEERING

Eric Austensen, P.E.
2727 Marra Rd.
Occidental, CA 95465
(707) 874-0501



Eric Austensen

Wetland Restoration Report July 25, 2008
Green Valley Ranch
11190 Graton Road, Sebastopol

Ranch Background

Green Valley Ranch is owned by Catherine Younger et. al. The ranch has been in the family since 1871. The ranch was operated as a dairy until 1969. In 1970, the ranch was converted to vineyard. For the past several years, the vineyard has been operated by a neighboring farmer.

Wetland History

The wetland was previously an agricultural pond. The pond was built at least 50 years ago. At an unknown time before the vineyard was planted, an 18" concrete pipe was placed in an 18.9 acre drainage, diverting its flow into the pond. Since then, the pond has been filling with sediment from the drainage. The pond drains to an adjacent roadside ditch. Sediment also filled the ditch. Wetland plants established in the pond and probably in the ditch. The pond is adjacent to Graton Road and is surrounded by vineyard on the other three sides.

Purpose of Wetland Disturbance, November 2007

Ditch

During November, 2007, the vineyard operators used an excavator to remove sediment that filled a roadside ditch along Graton road. Their intention was to perform routine ranch maintenance. In the absence of County road maintenance, the farmer thought he was helping the county by promoting better road drainage.

Wetland

The farmer wanted to clean up what they perceived to be overgrown and unsightly brush in the old pond. They also desired to prevent oversaturation of the vineyard. A two foot deep trench was dug through the middle of the wetland in and attempt to lower groundwater elevations in the adjacent vineyard. They scraped off most of the surface soil of the wetland while cleaning up the dense vegetation. Several exploratory pits were dug to a depth of about two feet. The 18" concrete culvert that historically provided flow to the pond was rerouted directly to the ditch via an 18" plastic culvert.

Regulatory Oversight

A complaint was made to the North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board (Waterboard) regarding the work in the ditch and wetland. The Waterboard visited the site on February 27, 2008. They sent notice to other regulatory agencies, and demanded that the site be restored as soon as possible.

On March 13, 2008, the County of Sonoma PRMD sent Catherine Younger a *Notice and Order* for grading without a permit. The charge was for "installation of culverts and installing new drainage courses in a wetland." The County is requiring that the site be restored, and that a permit be obtained for the work.

2007 Disturbed Wetland Geometry

We are separating the November, 2007 disturbed area into 4 distinct sub-areas for the purpose of analysis and discussion:

Roadside Ditch- 2007 Disturbance

Disturbed Length= 529'

Disturbed Width= 11' (avg., fairly consistent)

Disturbed Depth= 2' consistent

Disturbed Area= 0.15 acre

Volume of Soil Removed= 270 cubic yards, trapezoidal section less low flow channel

Profile Slope after disturbance= 1.4% upper 1/3 of ditch, 0.8% middle, 0.4% lower 1/3

Wetland- Previous Pond- 2007 Disturbance

Disturbed Length= +/- 130' avg.

Disturbed Width= +/- 160' avg.

Disturbed Area= 0.48 acres

Disturbed Depth= 0.3' assume average

Volume of Soil Removed= 0.3' deep x 20,909 sq. ft. + 30 yds ditch
= 260 cubic yards excavated

Volume of Soil Placed = 3,014 sq ft x 0.5' = 56 cubic yards

Soil Placed was spoils from adjacent pond excavation

South Wetland- South of Driveway- 2007 Disturbance

Disturbed Length= 68'

Disturbed Width= 16' avg.

Disturbed Area= 0.025 acre

Depth of Soil Placed= 0.8' average

Volume of Soil Removed= none

Volume of (Burnpile) Fill= 32 cubic yards

Hillside Seeps- 2007 Disturbance

Disturbed Length= 20' average

Disturbed Width= 210'

Disturbed Area= 0.1 acre
Depth of Soil Placed= none
Volume of Soil Removed= 0.2' deep x 4,200 sq ft= 31 cubic yards
Volume of Fill= none

Total Area of November, 2007 Wetland Disturbance= 0.75 Acres

Total Volume of Soil Excavated November, 2007= 590 Cubic Yards
Total Volume of Soil Placed in Wetland= 88 Cubic Yards

Soils

Soils in the upper portion of the drainages (generally at and above the inlet of the 18" culvert and above) are Goldridge fine sandy loam which is classified as hydrologic soil group B, fine sand with moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted. Soils in the lower slopes are Blucher loam, classified as hydrologic soil group C with lower infiltration rates and slower permeability (as compared to the goldridge series). (NRCS, USDA, Sonoma County Soils Report, Miller 1972).

Hydrology & Hydraulics

Summer Flow

We measured flow from the new 18" dia. plastic culvert on April 27th, 2008 at six (6) gallons per minute where it outlets at the roadside ditch. On that day, we estimated all surface flow from hillside seeps to be on the order of several gallons per hour combined. The 8" subdrain adjacent to the pond had no flow in it. We expect this surface flow to diminish to groundwater flow during the summer.

Winter Flow

The wetland-previous pond, historically, was supplied by an 18" concrete culvert. The 18" culvert drains an 18.9 acre seasonal drainage (see sht.1 of restoration plans). The area of surface runoff into the pond, plus the area of the pond, is approximately 1 acre. The total drainage area to the pond, and the upstream end of the ditch, is 19.9 acres.

The roadside ditch collects an additional 3.3 acres of hillside runoff before draining into an 18" corrugated metal pipe under Graton Road. The profile slope of this 18" cmp is 1.6%. Its full flow hydraulic capacity per the Manning's equation is approximately 16 cubic feet per second (16 cfs). At this culvert, the inlet acts like a bottleneck such that the true capacity of the culvert is less than the full flow capacity. This bottlenecking, called inlet control, restricts the true capacity of the culvert to 13.2 cfs before stormwater begins to sheet flow over the road. Graton Road is 3.5' above the inlet invert elevation.

I calculate the 10-year storm flow at the 18" cmp (Graton Road culvert) to be approximately 23 cfs. We can expect that the road will be overtopped on the order of several times per decade, assuming it doesn't become blocked by debris or sediment aggradation in the ditch.

As storm flow backs up at the culvert inlet, flow velocity in the ditch slows. Roughly several times per decade, near static velocity will occur in the ditch to a depth of 3.5' above the culvert, all the way to the pond. This promotes sediment aggradation in the ditch. If sediment and/or vegetation accumulate at the culvert inlet, it will further restrict capacity there, exacerbating sediment aggradation in the ditch.

One of the advantages to having this undersized (Graton Rd.) culvert is that it will reduce peak flows in the eroding Purrington Creek below. The disadvantage is that it will create nuisance flow across Graton road during flooding.

Fluvial Geomorphology

Fluvial geomorphology is the study of landform evolution created by flowing water in a stream or river. Fluvial geomorphology focuses on sediment transport, sediment deposition, and erosion by flowing water in a river, stream, or man-made waterway.

The wetland-previous pond and the roadside ditch are part of the active channel of a man-made waterway, drained at both ends by culverts. I consider the active channel to be that part of a stream that is subject to annual flooding, erosion, and sediment deposition. The historic agricultural pond acts as sediment basin. It has filled with fine sediment to near capacity.

We plan to recreate some of the sediment basin function of the pond by excavating shallow pools in the wetland. This will only occur in areas of the pond that currently do not support wetland function. After the pools fill with sediment, an active channel will form through the wetland. In the future, we do not plan to excavate soil from the sediment basin because the ensuing wetland will have valuable ecological function.

Biology

We reviewed the California Natural Diversity Data Base (CNDDB) provided by the CA Dept. of Fish and Game and found no documented occurrences of rare, threatened, endangered or sensitive animals (CNDDB, DFG, 3-07) in the project area. Anadromous steelhead exist in Purrington Creek, 700' away from the project.

A biologist, Maggie Discoe of Darwin's Workshop, has studied wildlife on the ranch for two years, she also lives there. She states that she is unaware of rare, threatened, or endangered wildlife in the vicinity of the wetland and ditch. A list of animals she has observed on the ranch can be provided upon request.

Dan Wilson, Biologist with the CA Department of Fish and Game, visited the site on April 21, 2008. He did not discover sensitive species in the project area.

Botany

We reviewed the California Natural Diversity Data Base (CNDDDB) provided by the CA Dept. of Fish and Game and identified one species known to occur roughly within the vicinity of the ranch, *Erigeron angustatus*, a serpentine plant (commonly known as narrow-leaved daisy) with upland, chaparral habitat associations. This species, though listed 1B on the CNPS list, has no official State or Federal protection status and is unlikely to occur on this particular site given the soil moisture content and notable lack of serpentine soils.

The wetland area supports, primarily, native wetland/ riparian plants. These consist of tule bulrush, broadleaf cattail, rush, cow parsnip, shining willow, California blackberry, red twig dogwood, sedges, arroyo willow, wild rose, and yampah.

At the time of our topographic survey during the middle of April, I did not observe plants growing in the areas of the wetland that we propose to excavate. Since then, some plants have (sparsely) begun to emerge there.

Restoration Plan

Streamline Engineering prepared a restoration plan, dated June 6, 2008, with 5 sheets. The plan involves the following:

Wetland- Previous Pond

The design allows surface flow to exit the wetland at the southeast corner, the furthest point from the culvert. This maximizes saturation of the wetland, enhancing the wetland plants and water quality. There are several purposes for removing the fill soil and excavating pools in the relatively barren areas of the wetland- previous pond. Lowering the ground surface there will promote wetland plants as they receive more summer groundwater. Sediment basin function will be recreated. Created pools will be two feet deep (below the spillway elevation).

Construction will occur in the following manner:

Clearly mark the edge of existing wetland vegetation to avoid disturbance. Excavate as shown on the plans. Replace and compact soil in the breached pond embankment. Excavate for, and place, 18 cubic yards of rock and gravel where the wetland will flow into the ditch (to prevent erosion). A rock and gravel cutoff wall will be constructed at the spillway entrance to contain summer groundwater in the wetland. The cutoff wall will prevent groundwater from draining through the rock. Spoils will be spread on the adjacent vineyard to a maximum depth of 18". A vineyard erosion control plan is prepared by Erickson Engineering of Valley Ford.

South Wetland (South of Driveway)

Remove burn pile fill. Excavate 8" below burn pile and replace with (seed bank) spoils from wetland- previous pond. Track-walk twice for moderate compaction.

New Wetland

Excavate grassy area in the corner of the property as shown on the plans. Plant per revegetation plan.

Hillside Seeps

During the November 2007 disturbance, the surface soils were scraped off the hillside seeps to remove vegetation. This resulted in minor cuts of approximately 1.5H:1V at the toe of the slope. After the 07-08 rainy season with 2 storm events at or above the one year storm, these slopes appear to be stable. Other historic cuts on the ranch also appear to be stable at this slope. We propose planting of willow and dogwood along the toe of slope to promote future stabilization. An exploratory pit was cut, roughly 10' wide by 15' long, into the hillside. This cut will be filled with gravel.

Fill the exploratory pit at the bottom/ middle of the hill slope with several cubic yards of permeable gravel to prevent erosion. Plant willow and dogwood at the base of the hillside per revegetation plan.

18" Culvert

After wetland grading is complete, re-route the historic culvert back to the wetland-previous pond, returning water to the wetland. A portion of the 18" corrugated plastic pipe that was place in November, 2007, will remain. It will be used as part of the vineyard erosion control measures, as designed by Erickson Engineering.

Roadside Ditch

Leave the ditch alone and allow it to continue to revegetate. We are concerned that filling the ditch with soil (to restore previous conditions) will disturb wildlife that has colonized. At the time of our topographic survey in April, aquatic life inhabited many of the pools in the ditch.

Wetland Planting Plan

We expect that disturbed areas of the wetland-previous pond will colonize naturally with native wetland plants. The seed source exists naturally in the variety of wetland plants already onsite. Wetland plants are colonizers and should emerge relatively quickly. We think it is best to let nature sort out the variety and density of new wetland plants.

We are proposing to plant willow and dogwood sprigs throughout the wetland, as shown on sheet 4 of the restoration plans. This will promote a quicker recovery of the more dominant species that previously existed at the site. Wetland plants are proposed in the wetland on the south side of the driveway.

Mitigation

Mitigation for disturbance of the wetland is offered in the following forms:

1. Restore and replant wetland as shown on restoration plans.

2. Create shallow sediment basins in the wetland-previous pond.
3. Create new wetland on south side of driveway
4. Gully erosion control/ revegetation upstream of wetland-previous pond
5. Vineyard erosion control plan by Lee Erickson/ Erickson Engineering
6. Monitoring and maintenance of wetland and gully revegetation, 85% success for 5 years. Annual report to North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board.

Gully Erosion Control/ Revegetation

A roughly 1,400' long gully drains to the 18" concrete culvert that provides water to the wetland-previous pond. Approximately 320' of the gully is on the subject property. This gully is experiencing minor bed and bank erosion. It appears to have experienced some historic downcutting through the sandy soil. Where erosion occurred, non-native Himalayan blackberry colonized and dominate.

Relative to native riparian vegetation, Himalayan blackberry performs poorly at controlling erosion in streams. It lacks the large root structure found in woody vegetation that provides natural erosion control. As blackberry overwhelms native vegetation in the gully, it increases erosion potential and diminishes ecological quality.

The landowner will control erosion in the lowest 150' portion of the gully, as shown on sheet 4 of the restoration plans. Himalayan blackberry will be cut at the base in a minimum 15' wide swath along the gully. Willow and dogwood sprigs will be planted along the bottom of the banks at a spacing of 10 feet on center. The blackberry will be controlled by cutting until the new willow and dogwood provide enough shade to prevent further growth.

The gully erosion control and revegetation will reduce potential sediment delivery to the wetland-previous pond. Success of this endeavor will provide design guidance for future restoration efforts on the ranch.

Mitigation Monitoring and Maintenance Plan Green Valley Ranch 11190 Graton Road, Sebastopol

Monitoring and maintenance of wetland and gully restoration, as shown on Streamline Engineering plans, dated June 6, 2008, will occur for five years after construction.

Success criteria will be:

1. Minimum 85% coverage of native plants in the wetland-previous pond, wetlands south of the driveway, and 150' of gully (15' wide).
2. Stability or aggradation in the bed of the 150' reach of the gully.

Eight permanent photo monitoring points will be established around the wetlands, with two points on each side of the wetland-previous pond. Three permanent photo monitoring points will be established along the gully, photos will be taken looking upstream and downstream from each of these points.

Vegetation monitoring methods will be visual. Streamline Engineering will visit the site at least twice per year and supervise hand removal of non-native vegetation where it occurs within the wetland and gully. Should there be any doubt that less than 85% of the wetlands and gully are occupied with native plants, Streamline Engineering will perform a topographic survey of vegetation areas. This will occur, if necessary, at the end of five years.

Annual Monitoring Report

Streamline Engineering will submit an annual monitoring report on December 15 of each year following construction. This report will discuss geomorphic and vegetation conditions of the wetland and gully. It will present photos from monitoring points, and any other photos deemed relevant.



**California Regional Water Quality Control Board
North Coast Region
Bob Anderson, Chairman**



Linda S. Adams
Secretary for
Environmental Protection

www.waterboards.ca.gov/northcoast
5550 Skylane Boulevard, Suite A, Santa Rosa, California 95403
Phone: (877) 721-9203 (toll free) • Office: (707) 576-2220 • FAX: (707) 523-0136

Arnold
Schwarzenegger
Governor

October 1, 2008

In the Matter of

**Notice of Coverage, Waiver of Waste Discharge Requirements for
Minor Dredging and Fill Activities**

for the
**Younger Wetland Restoration Project at Green Valley Ranch
WDID NO. 1B08106WNSO**

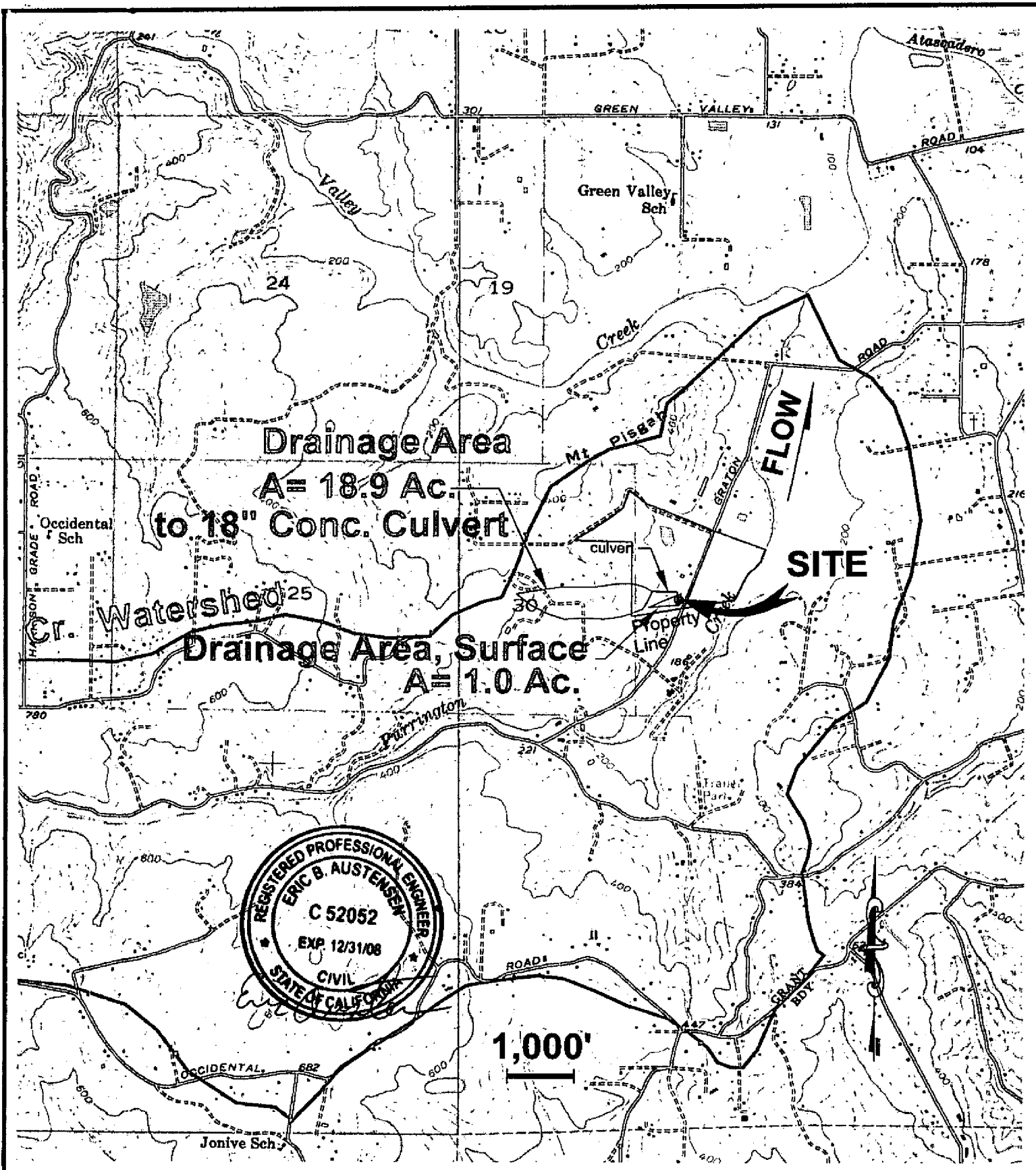
APPLICANT: Catherine Younger
RECEIVING WATER: Purrington Creek
HYDROLOGIC AREA: Guerneville Hydrologic Sub-Area No. 114.11
Russian River Hydrologic Area No. 114.00
COUNTY: Sonoma County
FILE NAME: Younger Wetland Restoration Project at Green Valley Ranch

BY THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER:

1. This Notice of Coverage provides notice that certain activities are covered by the Waiver of Waste Discharge Requirements for Minor Dredging and Fill Activities (Waiver), which was adopted pursuant to California Water Code Section 13269 by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, North Coast Region, (Regional Water Board) in Resolution R1-2007-0098. On June 23, 2008, Eric Austensen, of Streamline Engineering, filed an application for water quality certification under section 401 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1341), and/or Waste Discharge Requirements for dredge/fill activities, with the Regional Water Quality Control Board, North Coast Region (Regional Water Board) for activities associated with the Younger Wetland Restoration Project at Green Valley Ranch in Sonoma County. Completion of fee payment in the total amount of \$500 was received by the Regional Water Board on the same day. The Project causes Permanent impacts to 0.7 acres of wetland within the Guerneville Hydrologic Sub-area No. 114.11, Russian River Hydrologic Area No. 114.00.
2. The Regional Water Board provided public notice of the application pursuant to title 23, California Code of Regulations, section 3858 on September 9, 2008, and posted information describing the Project on the Regional Water Board's website. No comments were received.

California Environmental Protection Agency

Recycled Paper

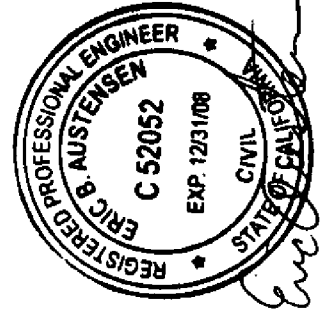


1,000'

Site Map on USGS topo "Camp Meeker" 1"= 2,000'

<p>STREAMLINE ENGINEERING</p> <p>Eric Austensen, P.E. 2727 Marra Rd. Occidental, CA 95465</p>	<p>DATE: July 6, 2008</p> <p>SCALE: 1"= 2,000'</p>	<p>Hydrology Map</p> <p>Younger Wetland Restoration</p>	<p>Figure</p> <p>1</p>
--	--	---	------------------------

<u>Younger Hydrology</u>												
Runoff Calculations - Rational Method - Q10												
Point of Conc./ area	distance (ft.)	slope (ft./ft.)	velocity (fps)	time of conc.(min.)	total time	i (10 yr)	K	C	Area (acres)	Q of area	Q total (10 yr)	channel
1 - Initial				15.0	15.0	1.71	1.4	0.45	2.0	2.2	2.2	overland flow
2	1,780	0.09	5	5.9	20.9	1.52	1.4	0.45	16.9	16.2	18.3	seasonal drainage
												culvert outlet
3	500'			15.0	15.0	1.71	1.4	0.45	1.0	1.1	19.4	overland flow
												pond spillway
From SCWA Flood Control Design Criteria Handbook												
I = rainfall intensity in inches per hour. Reference "Rainfall Intensity vs. Duration" graph (Plate B-2)												
K = k-factor From "K Factor vs. Mean Season Precipitation" graph (Plate B-4)												
Mean Seasonal Precipitation= 43" from "Sonoma County Mean Seasonal Precipitation" graph (Plate B-3).												
c = runoff coefficient. Reference "Runoff Coefficients for Rational Formula" graph (Plate B-1)												
Q= Storm Water Flow in cubic feet per second												



Pond Spillway Hydraulics
Worksheet for Trapezoidal Channel

Project Description	
Project File	c:\haestad\fmw\younger.fm2
Worksheet	Rock Spillway
Flow Element	Trapezoidal Channel
Method	Manning's Formula
Solve For	Channel Depth

• 158' AT SPILLWAY
• RIGGE LENGTH 159.5'

Input Data	
Mannings Coefficient	0.040
Channel Slope	0.170000 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	1.000000 H : V
Right Side Slope	1.000000 H : V
Bottom Width	8.00 ft
Discharge	19.40 cfs

• CIPOLLETTE WEIR
Q = 3.367 H^{1.5}
19.6 = 3.367 (8)(.81)^{1.5}

Results	
Depth	0.33 ft
Flow Area	2.77 ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	8.94 ft
Top Width	8.66 ft
Critical Depth	0.55 ft
Critical Slope	0.030949 ft/ft
Velocity	7.01 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.76 ft
Specific Energy	1.10 ft
Froude Number	2.19
Flow is supercritical.	



STREAMLINE ENGINEERING

Eric Austensen, P.E.
2727 Marra Rd.
Occidental, CA 95465
(707) 874-0501

Younger Weir

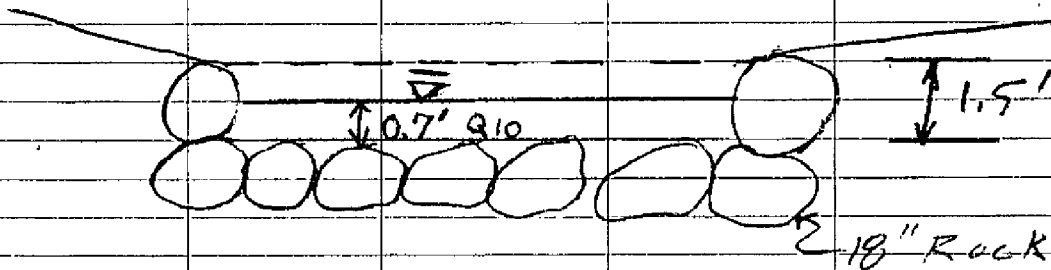
@ Pond spillway

Weir Formula $Q = 3.33 b H^{3/2}$

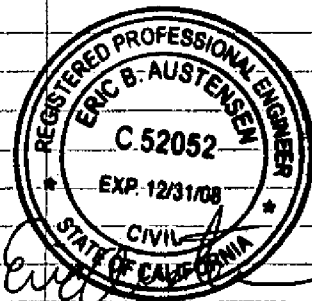
$19.4 cfs = 3.33(10) H^{3/2}$

$0.58 = H^{3/2}$

$H = 0.7'$ Deep During 10-year peak flow



Cross-section spillway opening



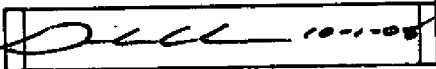
Erickson Engineering Inc.

GRADING

County of Sonoma
Permit and Resource Management Department
2550 Ventura Avenue
Santa Rosa CA 95403

May 24, 2008

APPROVED ☆



PERMIT AND RESOURCE
MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

Attn.: Drainage Review

Re: VGR 08-0011; DRN 08-0___
Drainage and Erosion Control Plan
Green Valley Ranch Inc.
11065 Graton Road
Sebastopol CA 95472
APN 104-090-036

as noted

Steve and Joe Dutton attached conditions
Dutton Ranches to soil report recommendations
P.O. Box 48 requires inspection by Soil Engineer
Graton CA 95444 *Graton-012*
823-0448

The subject project consists of a +-1.6 acre vineyard undergoing redevelopment. It contains existing surface and subsurface drainage facilities that were installed without permit. This report documents the existing drainage subject to permit and provides an evaluation as to adequacy of the installation to meet County design and installation criteria.

The attached design and documentation materials are believed to conform to County drainage standards.

Grading subject to County ordinance is not believed required to install the proposed vineyard.

Line 1 is an historic 12" RCP that traverses an existing vineyard, discharging to an existing silted in, overgrown and breached farm pond. It is out of the work area and not under consideration in the present design. Vineyard management routed Line 1 discharge around the failed pond by tapping into it about 60' above the outlet and installing Line 2, +-180' long 18" HDPE n=.015.

Environmental considerations by others have resulted in the requirement to re-establish the Line 1 discharge to the failed pond. Line 2 will therefore be disconnected from Line 1 and shortened, beginning at Drop Inlet #1. It will be retained to provide incidental drainage at the west end of the new vineyard block, and is therefore subject to design review. The tributary area of the revised Line 2 configuration is limited to about 10,000 square feet in the immediate vicinity of the pipe. The line is therefore vastly oversized. The 100-year design flow results in a water depth of less than 3" in the 18" line.

A separate "culvert" identified in VGR 08-0011 is the outfall of a subsurface drainage system within the existing vineyard. An Infiltrator-type subdrain was installed some years ago, with the last 40' or so configured as a solid 10" HDPE n=.015 line. The discharge point is at the roadside ditch, close to that of Line 1 and at the property limit. Observed groundwater flows vary seasonally and are modest at best. Groundwater management systems are not believed subject to PRMD review, as no agency design are available, and so no design documentation is provided.

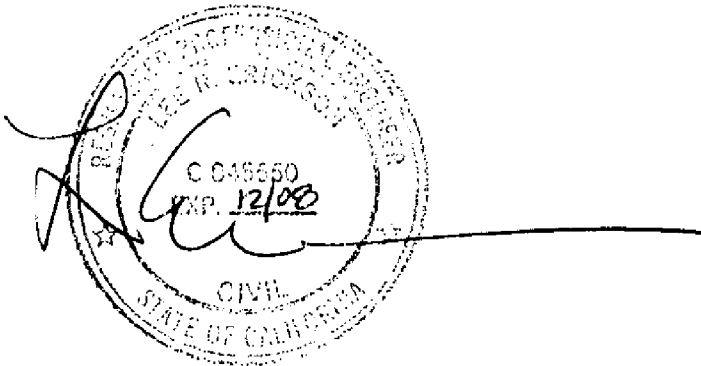
The existing roadside ditch was observed May 21, 2008 to be stable and well vegetated, with side slopes of about 2:1 and a low-slope invert without evidence of erosion after the winter season. By observation, it is more than adequate to handle the minor runoff from the tributary culverts evaluated, as well as that from other upland areas. In any case, it is off the property within the right-of-way and with spring flows present, may be considered to have wetland or habitat value and therefore cannot be graded or manipulated. We have therefore not evaluated the roadside ditch from a hydrologic or hydraulic standpoint.

May 24, 2008

For erosion control, the plans and specifications require construction during the dry season. Temporary fiber roll check dams, seeding and mulching, and other appropriate erosion control measures for the work are shown on the plans, and will be used to prevent soil mobilization and sediment transport to downslope areas. Permanent erosion control measures include permanent cover crops within the developed hillside areas.

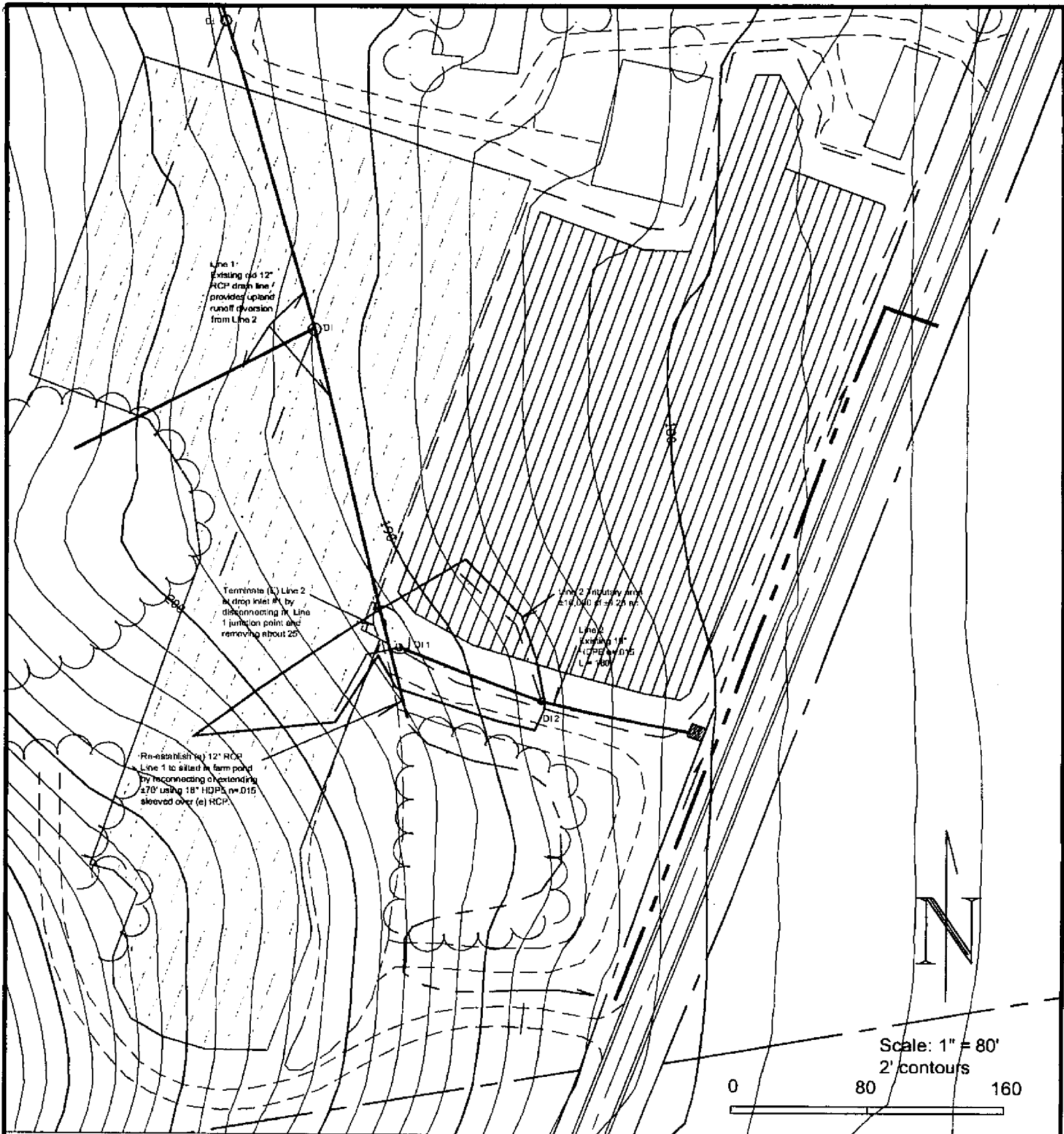
We trust that the narrative above and the enclosed design and construction materials provide satisfactory documentation of the work. Please call if you have comments or questions, or if additional materials are required.

Very truly yours,



Lee Erickson, PhD CE45660 AE468
Civil and Agricultural Engineer

Enclosures



Lands of: **Green Valley Ranch Inc.**
 APN 104-090-036
 11065 Graton Road, Sebastopol CA 95472

Tributary
 areas

Erickson Engineering Inc.
 Valley Ford CA 94972-0446
 707/795-2498 Voice/Fax

05.24.2008
 Drawing:
 80523 Rued
 1" = 80'

W1

Erickson Engineering Inc, Valley Ford CA 94972-0446

Green Valley Ranch Inc File: xl/projects/KPA/80223 hydro/24pipe
 11065 Graton Road Time: 12:27 PM
 Sebastopol CA 95472 Date: 24-May-08
 Updated: 24-May-08

Mannings Equation, Circular section Outlet flow
 Provides V, Q based on Diameter for given n, slo for 18" line
 Iterate d/D to obtain Q Q100 @ 0.3 cfs from 0.23 ac

18 inch pipe diameter	H2O Depth d:	1.89 inches	0.16 ft at outlet
0.11 d/D ratio <i>OK</i>	Sector above H2O:	3.72 ft	1.34 Froude No.
0.015 Manning's n	Circumference:	4.71 ft	0.28 ft crit depth
0.02 s, channel slope ft/ft	theta:	4.96	
50.000 1/s, chl slope, ft/100 ft	Water area:	0.10 sq ft	
0.6 C, inlet coefficient	Wetted Perim:	0.99 ft	Inlet at
	Hydraulic Radius:	0.10 ft	water depth
	Outlet Velocity:	3.02 ft/sec <i>OK</i>	CA(2gd) ^{.5}
	Outlet Flow Rate:	0.30 cfs	0.19 cfs inlet

Outfall: Max Outfall Transition time: 0.31 sec; (2D/g)^{.5}
 Max/Actual Transition Distances: 0.92 ft = V(t) 0.10 ft = V(t)

Reference: USDA-NRCS #468: Lined Waterway Design Standard
 Figure 1: Log-linear plot to establish Manning's n for lining based on average rock size and depth c
 0.50 feet d50 rock size = 0.5*Pipe D
 1.89 inches depth H2O
 0.16 feet depth H2O = y

$n = y^{(1/6)} / [21.6 * \log_{10}(y/d50) + 14.0] = \text{Manning's friction}$
 Calculated n = 0.231 for Rock Armor at pipe outfall

Figure 2 (Summary)

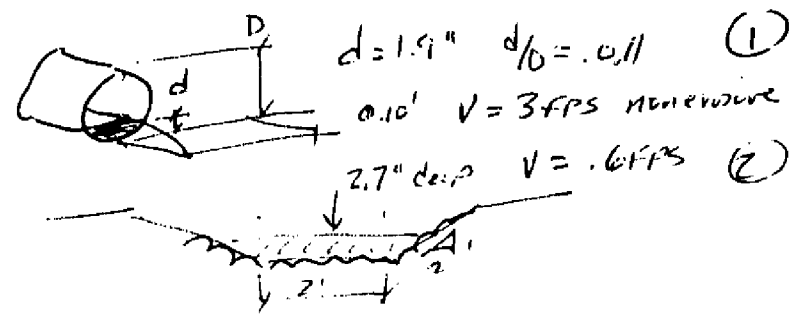
V (ft/sec)	Depth (ft)
0	10.0
9.99	10.0
10	2.0
15	1.0
30	0.3

Figure 2: Maximum allowable depth of flow versus velocity
 3.02 ft/sec from above
 10.00 feet max water depth in lined waterway based on vel
 OK: Outfall water depth less than maximum allowed.

Mannings Equation, Trapezoidal Sections
 Reference Brater and King, Chapter 7 Pipe outfall @ 0.3 cfs
 USDA-NRCS #468 Lined Waterway

Input Parameters		Output Parameters	
2.67	0.500 Rock armor d50, ft	0.30 cu ft/sec	Flow capacity
in	0.22 Normal depth, ft <i>OK</i>	0.55 Ft/sec	Velocity <i>OK</i>
	0.122 M'ning's n (USDA-SCS #468 Fig 1)	0.54 Sq Ft	Area
	0.020 s, channel slope ft/ft	2.89 Ft	Topwidth
	50.00 1/s, channel slope, ft/ft	0.00 Ft	Velocity Head
	2.0 Z, side slope, ft/ft	0.23 Ft	Energy Head
	2.0 b, bottom width, ft	0.21 V/(gd) ^{.5}	Froude Subcrit
	10.00 feet max water depth in lined waterway based on velocity		
	Depth OK based on Velocity per USDA-SCS #468 Fig 2.		

0.40 c
 2.40 l in/hr
 0.23 A ac = 10,000 ft²
 1.33 k
 0.29 Q cfs = Q100



Green Valley Ranch Inc
 11065 Graton Road
 Sebastopol CA 95472

File: xl/projects/KPA/80223 hydro/vditch
 Time: 12:28 PM
 Date: 24-May-08
 Updated: 24-May-08

Mannings Equation, Trapezoidal Sections

Reference Brater and King, Chapter 7
 USDA-NRCS #468 Lined Waterway

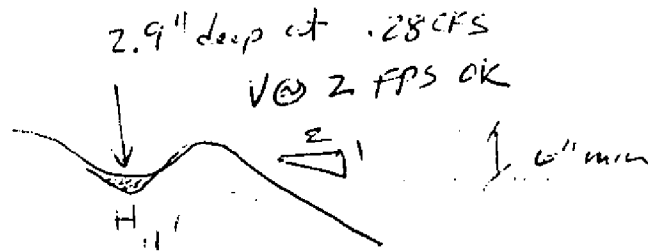
Typ vee ditch in vvd
 .25 ac max => .28 cfs

Input Parameters

Output Parameters

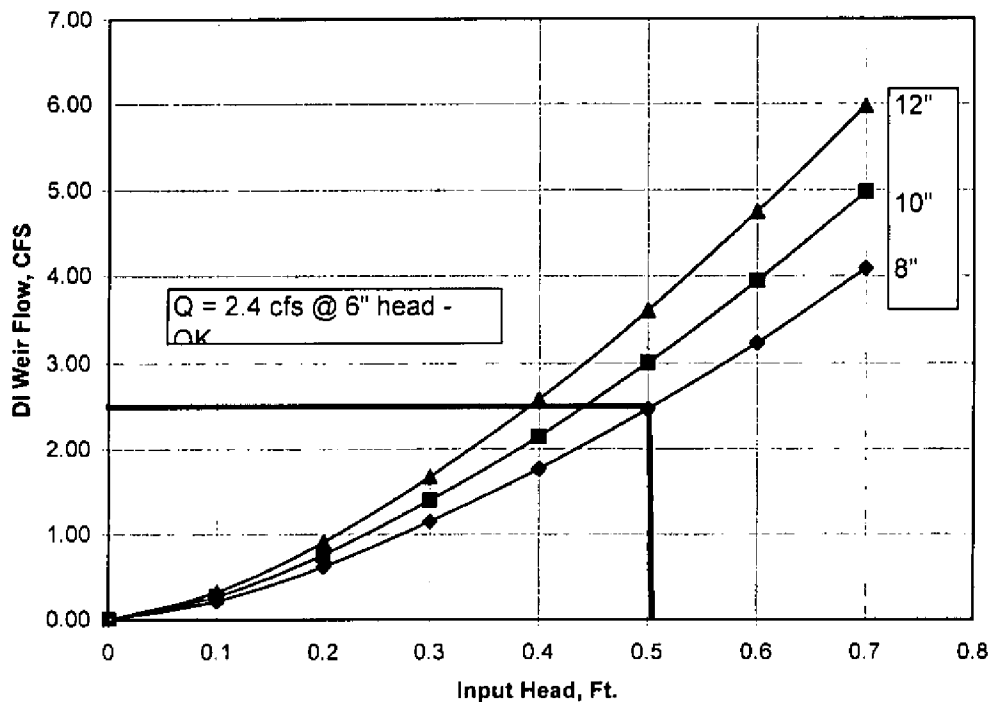
2.86 in 0.24 Normal depth, ft *OK*
 0.035 Manning's n
 0.040 s, channel slope ft/ft
 25.00 1/s, channel slope, ft/ft
 2.0 Z, side slope, ft/ft
 0.1 b, bottom width, ft

0.28 cu ft/sec Flow capacity
 2.04 Ft/sec Velocity *OK*
 0.14 Sq Ft Area
 1.05 Ft Topwidth
 0.06 Ft Velocity Head
 0.30 Ft Energy Head
 0.74 V/(gd)^{.5} Froude Subcrit



Erickson Engineering Inc, Valley Ford CA 94972-0446	
Green Valley Ranch Inc 11065 Graton Road Sebastopol CA 95472	File: xl/projects/KPA/80223 hydro/DI Time: 12:28 PM Date: 24-May-08 Updated: 24-May-08
Drop Inlet Capacity Curves HDPE single wall n=.015 set vertically	
Horizontal, sharp-crested weir.	Drop Inlet - Weir flow into Vert Pipe
Input Parameters	Output Parameters
3.25 C, weir coefficient	Pipe OD 8 inches
0.50 h, maximum head	Pipe circumference, f: 2.09 feet
6.0 inches head	$Q = Cih^{(3/2)}$: 2.41 cfs
8 inch pipe i.d.	Equivalent square: 0.52 feet
0.1 inch wall thickness	for commercial DI 6.3 inches

**Drop Inlet Capacity
HDPE n=.015 set vertically
Weir type flow**



[Handwritten signature] } 6" head 2.4 CFS >> 0.3 CFS
OK